# SPOKE TO OHIO EDITORS

McKinley Calls Journalism the Noblest Profession.

GOLD DEMOCRATIC PAPERS

The Candidate Congratulates Then for the Work They Are Doing in a Common Cause and Says the Sound Money Democracy Must Not Be Alienated-Will Take No Rest.

Canton, Ohio, Sept. 8.—The afternoon session of the Republican Editorial Asso-ciation was given over to the address of Charles Emory Smith.

There was a large audience assembled in the hall. Mr. Smith was warmly greeted.

At the conclusion of the address the editors adjourned for the purpose of calling upon fajor McKinley.

It was but a short walk to Major McKin

ley's house. Upon their arrival there the editors formed themselves in groups about the porch. The candidate was introduced by John Hopley, the oldest editor in the

CANTON A NEWSPAPER TOWN. Major McKinley was roundly applauded then he stepped forward to speak. He

when he stepped forward to speak. He said, in part:

"Mr. President, and gentlemen of the Republican Press Association of Ohio: It gives me great pleasure, gentlemen, to welcome you, one and all, to my home. I feel sure that you are familiar with Canton and need no assurance from me as to the cordiality of its hospitality. You have done Canton a great bonor by your visit, and for one I highly appreciate it, as I know all of our citizens do. Canton as I know all of our citizens do. Canton just now, I judge, is a very fair newspaper town, and no new spaper writer or publisher ever comes here who is not warmly welcomed, whether he gets what he comes for

(laughter) or not, and no matter what he may say when he goes away. (Renewed laughter and applause.)

"I cannot remember any period save and except the war when the Republican press so signally represented national honor press so signally represented about about and and national weiners as low. It is not often given to a political party as it is this year given to ours to stand between national honor and dishonor, public faith and repudiation, and order and disquiet. "It is the good fortune of the Republican party to stand in this contest for what is best in covernment for what is

what is best in government, for what is patriotic in critizenship, for what tends to the support of the financial lategrity of the government, its credit and its cur-rency. It is a vast responsibility to put upon any party, but the Republican party is not without trial amidst grave respons-ibilities.

"It has performed supreme duty before. It has met great trusts before. It has discharged them, too, with wisdom, courage and fidelity, and it will meet the new ones with an houest and unfattering purpose to serve the best interests of the people and all the people.

DEMOCRATS AS ALLIES. "Fortunately, in this contest, the Re-publican party is not diene in its support of the Republican cause. Conservative men of all parties stand with it, It nummen of all parties stand with it. It numbers among its strongest allies many of the most powerful bemocratic newspapers East and West, which are doing yoeman services for patriotism and national honor. "They are welcome, thrice welcome, and the country owes them a debt of gratitude for their unfillnehing loyalty as against party for sound more yard neither country. party for sound money and public morals. "This is a year, gentlemen, of political contention without bitterness. Intelligence and investigation are taking the place of passion and partyism. Party prejudice cuts little ligure in a crisis like this. We must not indulge in aspersion or crimination against those who may have differed from us in the past, but who are now with us in a patriotic effort to preserve the good faith of the country and enforce public and private honesty. We must not drive anybody out of camp, but welcome everybody in.

"You doubtless grow weary of being told of the greatness and power and value of the press, so many times styled the "pre-server of our liberties and the hope of man-kind." It was Bolwer, I believe, who commanded Take away the sword; States can be saved without it; bring the pen. This is a year for press and pen. The sword has been sheathed.

JOURNALISM AS A PROFESSION. The only force now needed is the force of reason; and the only power to be invoked is that of intelligence and patriotism.
Our people have always extended to the press the most renerous patronage and accorded it the greatest deference, so that the press has grown with our growth and advanced with our advancement

"There are nearly as many newspapers and periodicals published in the United States as in all the rest of the world be-sides. To me the modern newspaper is so vast and comprehensive that I can never contemplate its possibilities without becoming both interested and enthusiastic in the

subject. "Why, to be a real capable and worthy journalist, wise, honorable and efficient, is to attain the highest plane of human op-portunity and usefulness. Love and proclaim truth for truth's sake, to dissencann track for truth's sake, to disseminate knowledge and useful information, to correct misimpressions, to enlighten the misinformed, to feed an expectant and anxious people, with the occurrences of the world daily indeed, almost hourly—to disserve and y-indeed, almost hourly—to discover and correct abuses, to fairly and

discover and correct abuses, to fairly and honorably advocate a great cause—in short, to mold and direct public opinion, which is always the mission of journalism, is surely the noblest of professions.

"Poor it may be in some parts of the world, despised it may be by the intolerant and ignorant everywhere, but degraded it never can be so long as its aim is for the good of the people. Ohio has always been prominent in the field of journalism. That she has been so prominent in politics. That she has been so prominent in politics the press can fairly claim a share, and it is entitled to no little credit for a long line of public servants. I need not remind you

THE PRESS OF OHIO

"You know well the glorious history of the State and its contribution to the coun-try in every field of statesmanship. The press of Ohio has proudly held its own in the march of journalism. The youngermen —and there are many of them before me today—have high models before them. Their predecessors were honest in conviction, powerful in argument and contributed most to make our glorious State what it is and our civilization and citizenship the best in

"From your ranks have gone forth some of the ablest journalists whose influence and learning have impressed our States and enriched the literature of the whole country. Some of the old editors still remain wielding the pen of power—may their lives be lengthened and their splendid example be emulated by their younger colleagues. "I congratulate you upon the high rank of newspaper press of Ohio and wish for you still higher achievements in your chosen work in broader fields. You never had an opportunity for higher usefulness than now and you never had a greater opportunity for the best use of your faculties than in the support of the principles and policies which are involved in the contest now upon us. I congratulate you upon the great work you are doing, and appreciate more than I can tell you the kindness and couriesy of this call. Some of the old editors still remain

MORE SPEECHES DUE: "Gentlemen it will give me great pleasure to meet and greeteach one of you personally." A short meeting of the Editorial Asso-ciation was held in the evening, at which

a number of short and informal speeches were made.

Major McKinley's engagements are multiplying so raphily that he has decided not to go to Zour this week, but will devote the next two days to the preparation of speeches which he is to make on Friday and Saturday.

Charles Enerty Smith dieed with Major.

and Saturday.

Charles Emory Smith dined with Major McKinley tonight and will leave in the morning for Erie, Pa., where he is to address the League Clubs. He hopes to return to Ohio later in the campaign to make a number of speeches.

Mr. Smith, who has just returned from a speaking tour in Maine, says the Republicans will carry that State by a phenomenal majority, probably more than 20,000.

OOO.

The following dispatch was sent to White-law Reid tonight: "The Association of Republican Editors direct me to tender you their not hearty thanks for your admirable letter, which has been pub-lished in the dally papers.

"JOHN HOPLEY, President."

## WHY CARTER DIDN'T BOLT

Can't Stand Free Trade and Free Riots, Even for Free Silver.

Advises Montana Republicans to Adopt a Silver Platform, But Support the National Ticket.

Helena, Mont., Sept. 8.—Senator Carter's statement regarding the course of conduct he pursued as a delegate to the St. Louis convention is published today in the form of an open letter to the members of the Republican State convention of Montana, which the Senator says he will be unable to attend. The Senator lands the Republican party for its achievements and in reciting the action of the national convention on the currency question, declares he was disaxisfied with the declaration in favor of the gold standard. The platform of the Chicago convention is denounced as a "load greater than silver can bear." He alds:

"I do not believe in free coinage coupled with free trade and I do not believe both can be successfully established and main-Helena, Mont., Sept. 8. - Separor Carter's

can be successfully established and main-tained by our government. The free trade policy will render the establishment of himetallism an utter impossibility. After looking the whole situation over it will be found that the Republican party has not de-ciared in favor of the gold standard but is clared in favor of the gold standard, but in

He regards the Republican declaration as to conservative, but as between its acceptance and that of the Chicago platform, "with its free trade, State's rights, free trade, State's rights, free rist and other objectionable features," the Senator finds no room to hesitate, and urges on the Montana convestion the plac-ing of McKinley electors in the field as its duty. He decies the right of the dele-gates to nominate Bryan electors and ad-vises the silver Republicans who support Bryan to keep their hands off the conven-tion while asking the tion, while asking the "broadest possible barity" for them at the hands of the delegates.

in the future, as in the past, the Senator says, he will stand for protection and free coinage and will give McKinley his sup-port because he thinks the best interests of port because he thinks the best interests of the State and country will be subserved by Republican victory. He advises the State convention to declare for free coin-age in its platform and indorse the rect of the national platform. In conclusion, the Senator predicts the return of the boiling Republicans "in due season."

### PALMER AND BUCKNER.

Gold Democratic Nominees to B Notified on Saturday.

Louisville, Ky., Sept. 8 - Genls, John M. Palmer and Simon Bolivar Buckner, the National Democratic nominees for President and Vice President, will arrive in the city Friday to attend the notification ceremonies at the Auditorium Saturday night. Both gentlemen will be met at their trains

by the reception committee hes band, and they will stop at the Galt House during their stay in Louisville. The notification speeches will be com-

menced at 7:45 p. m. Senator Caffrey and Col. Fellows, who will deliver them, will talk forty-five minutes each. Gen. Palmer's response will take an hour and Gen. Buckner will speak twenty minutes. A ratification neeting is to be held on the Saturday following, at which Secretary John G. Carlisle, Benator Wi-liam Lindsay of Kentucky, Senator Gray of Delaware, and ex-Gov, Jones of Alabams

ire expected to speak.
Sunday or Monday Gen. Palmer will ac company Gen. Buckner to "Glen Lily," where he will be as guest for two or

### BASIS OF FUSION.

Missouri Democratic Committee Makes Overtures to Pops.

Makes Overtures to Pops.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 8.—The Democratic State central committee of Missouri met here today and fixed a basis for fusion with the Populists on the electoral ticket. The full committee met and after much discussion it was decided to withdraw three district electors and one elector at large, the vacancies to be filled by Populists. A committee of three was appointed to present the proposition to the Populist central committee, which meets here Saturday.

It is asserted by Chairman Cook that I fusion is effected the 40,000 Populist votes in Missouri will go to Bryan and Sewall.

Chicago, Sept. 8, "The gold Democratic State central committee met today to take action on the nomination for governor. It is understood that Gen. J. C. Black, who was named by the State convention, de clined the nomination and that the cor mittee is looking for another man. Neither Gen. Black nor the members of the com-mittee would talk for publication this after-

Latest From Maine.

New York, Sept. 8. - Former United State Actionney Lurty of Virginia, whose name heads the Republican electoral ticket of that State, called at national Republican head-quarters today. He has just returned from Maine and declared that the majority for the Republican ticket at next week's election in that State will be emphatic and significant of the verdict to be given for McKinley is November.

Caught in the Cow-Catcher. Middletown, N. Y., Sept. 8.—While crossing the tracks of the Ontario and Western Railroad, about 4 o'clock this afternoon, James Conningham, a prominent farmer of Bollville, and his sister, were killed by an east-bound passenger train. The we body rolled up the cowcatcher and was so firmly wedged under the boiler front that it was removed with difficulty.

Mob Terrorizes Town. Springfield, Ky., Sept. 8.—The citizens of this place are badly frightened over the threat of a mob to burn the town if anyone attempts to arrest them. Two buildings have been burned. Business is practically suspended and armed men are patrolling

Western Union Dividend. New York, Sept. 8.—At a meeting today of the executive committee of the Western Union Telegraph Company it was resolved to recommend to the directory, which meets tomorrow, that the regular quarterly dividend of 1 1-6 per cent be paid.

## PLEASE HELP THE POOR.



# TWO VIEWS OF ARKANSAS

Democrats Say That It Is a Silver Straw.

REPUBLICANS EXPECTED IT

May Be Tuken as Indicative of the Sentiment Among Agriculturists-Republicans Say They Made No Effort in the State.

The result from the election in Arkansas furnished a subject at political head-quarters yesterday other than the receipts of new Republican or Democratic clubs and the output of the educational mill. The bemocrats were disposed to felici-tate themselves more and more during

the day as the returns got bigger and bigger.

The Republicans were merely surprised that the returns were not bigger as it was the first chance the Democrats had this season of showing what they could do

season of showing what they could do with a lead pencil and a ballot box. That's the way, at least, it was put. Chairman Babcock said that the election had no significance for the reason that no campaign was made in that State under national auspices. The election turned in fact on purely local issues and, therefore, not even any literature, much less speakers, was provided by the national committee. Arkansas has never been considered fighting ground for the Republicans with a view to its electoral vote, but, said another of the officers at headquarters, it will be observed that the returns show that even the forlorn hope of the Republicans stood loyally together. It was not so with the Democrats in Vermont.

COMPARED WITH VERMONT. "It was expected that the Democratic tradition and the free silver literature would have at least kept the Democrats together so as to show the virtue of the party and its new doctrines, but the con-

party and its new doctrines, but the con-trary was shown by the returns.

"The Republicans of Arkansas, it is plain to see, did not run off after strange sives gods, and this fact absolutely disproves the claims of the Democrats that the silver Republican' is a tremendous factor in their campaign. It is fair to presume that the agricultural Republican in Arkansas is a fair type of the agricultural Republican farther west and in Illinois, Minnesota,

and Ohlo.
"It is worthy of note, too, that the Populists of Arkansas would have voted precisely as they have done in this case had no Chicago ticket been put out, because the principles for which the Populists advocate have been incorporated into the Chicago platform. The result, therefore, is as much an indorsement of Populism usitis of the Democratic ticket."

WHAT FAULKNER SAYS I nreply to a question addressed to Senator Faulkner asking his opinion of the Arkansas election, he said:

"I will not do as our Republican friends did after the Vermont election, claim that it

did after the Vermonte lection, claim that it decided the Presidential contest. Those who are in a position to know, realize that the Democratic candidates in Vermont were running on a gold platform and that no contest was made by the national Democratic organization on behalf of the Lemcratic party in that State. The result ther was no surprise, as we knew of the activity of the Republicans in bringing out their reserve vote in that State.

"The result in Arkansas is not surprising to us either. If it has any significance it is

nomines, but as evidencing the fact that in one of the greatest agricultural States of the Union, the candidates nominated and the principles amounced at Chicago meet the ap-proval and command the support of the great not that the battle is won to the Democrati proval and command the support of the great agricultural and laboring classes so strongly

epresented in that State.
"It appears further that the great amount of Campaign literature sent into Arkansas by the Republican organization had no other effect than to stimulate to stronger efforts those who are now realizing that the great producing classes of the country must have relief from continually failing prices resulting from the rold standard.

have relief from continually falling prices resulting from the gold standard.

"We are making no claim to Republican Eastern States in this campaign. It is the opinion of all who are familiar with the facts that Maine will cast her vote for the Republican party on next Monday, September 14, nor will we be surprised to see an increase in the Republican majority in that State, as the national Democratic organization has given but little, if any, assistance to the local organizations controlling that campaign, while our Republican friends have, through literature and the assistance of many of their best speakers, been arousing the reserve Republican vote of Maine, and will, in all human probability, succeed in bringing their full rebility, succeed in bringing their full re

serve vote to the polls.

"We are not employing our energies, or circulating our literature to any great extent in States that are hopelessly Repub-

### JONES JUBILANT.

Says That Arkansas Points to Bryan's Certain Victory.

Chicago, Sept. 8.—Everybody at Demo-cratic national headquarters was jubilant today over the election news from Arkan-ssa. A Democratic majority of 40,000 had been expected, but the large gains in the Republican districts were a surprise-to the Arkansas Schutor and his col-

leagues.
Chairman Jones said: "I was entirely unprepared for what seems to have been

the result. Dispatches which J have received from the chairman of the State committee and from leading newspaper men of the State would fadicate a majority of from 65,000 to 70,000.

"I attribute the tremendous majority mainly to the interest in bimetallism and the free colorage of silver. A large number of Republicans, have received.

the free coinage of silver. A large number of Republicans have yoted our ticket straight. Some countles which have always showed Republican majorities have in this election given Democratic majorities. I believe the great body of Populists have voted the straight Democratic ticket.

"The result in Arkansas shows plainly to me that all charge of receipt in West.

cratic ticket.

"The result in Arkansas shows plainly to me that all classes of people in the West and South are interested in this question as they have never been in any political question for the last twenty-five years.

"Tlook on the result in Arraham as merely the forerunner of what may reasonably be expected throughout the entire South and West, just as the result in Vermoit may be considered as an indication of what may be considered as an indication of what may be expected in New England Arkansas shows the way to Bryan's certain victory."

C. F. Washburne, of Boston, one of the Populist members of the Democratic national advisory committee, arrived in Chicago today for the purpose of establishing a western branch of the People's party headquarters.

Senator Henry M. Teller, of Colorado, arrived this morning from Merrison, ill, where he spoke last night. He left in the evening for Grand Rapids, where he speaks tomorrow night. He will then return to Chicago and make arrahamments for a stumping tour in Illinois and other Western States.

He was in conference with Chairman Jones for several hours and brought cheering reports of the situation in the West. He

for several hours and brought cheering reports of the situation in the West. He declared that for every Democrat who would vote for McKinley or Palmer there would be five Republicans who would vote for Bryan.

#### FRAUD IN ARKANSAS? Powell Clayton Says, He Has Posi-

tive Proof of It. Chicago, Sept. 8.—Senator Thomas Carter of Moniana was a visitor at the Republican national headquariers today on his way East. He took lunch with Committeeman

East. He took lunch with Committeeman Dawes and Secluded himself from reportera. Heisexpeciedbackfrom Wasningtonshortly to make speeches for McKinley.

Gov. Bradley of Kennicky has been assigned to make three speeches in Missouri in the week beginning September 14. Congressman McCleary will speak in Toledo. September 14 and will also be with September 19 and will also be with September 19. September 19 and will also be with Sen ators Thurston and Cullomin Canton Septen Charges of fraud in connection with the semocratic victory in Arkansas were

Democratic victory in Arsanan made at headquarters. Powell Clayton, made at headquarters from that State made at meadquarters. Fowell Clayton, national committeeman from that State, wired the Chicago headquarters last week that he had positive information that the Democrats had refused to give the Republicans representation on the election boards in most of the counties.

None but members of their own party were allowed to run the members of their own party

were allowed to run the machinery or to have any inside knowledge of the way it was to be run. Mr. Clayton claims that arrangements were being made to count in the Democratic candidates, no matter how the vote went.

#### CLAIMS 65,000 MAJORITY Chairman Armstrong's Statement of the Arkausan Result.

Little Rock, Ark., Sept. 8. Chairman Afmentong of the Democratic State cen-tral committee gave the Enited Associated Press of correspondent the following signes "The indications are that 165,000 votes

were cast at yesterthy's election in Arkan-sas. The combined opposition received about 50:006, leaving a majority of about 65,000 for the Democratic State ticket. "This more than doubles the majority received by the Democracy two years ago and that received four years ago. The issue in this State was tought out on the monetary question the Democracy advocating free colange and the Republicans the single gold standard. The opposition on the part of the Republicans was more active than ever before. No disturbances of any kind occurred anywhere in the State as far as reported.

Receivers for Street Railway. Receivers for Street Rallway.
Fort Wanye, Ind., Sept 8.—The Consolidated Street Rallway of Fort Wayne was thrown into the hands of receivers today on motion of the president, John G. Shepnerd, and Director F. De Hass Robison, of Cleveland. The M. J. Degnon Construction Complany filled a lien of \$86,000 against the property. J. H. Bass and M. S. Robison, director and general manager respectively, are named as receivers.

The embarrassment is but temporary, and the company will pay 100 cents on the dollar.

Bryan Going to New England.
Hartford, Conn., Sept. 8.—Col. Edward
M. Graves. of this city, one of the leaders
of the silver movement in this State, today received a letter from Chairman Jones,
of the national Democratic committee, stat-

dent Has Asked Him.

FREE SILVER THE CAUSE

Cleveland's Apparent Practical Definition of Offensive Partisanship-Caught in Bland's Company - Romors as to the Homoval of Deputy Com-

> 927.TE (Special to The Times.)

Laurel, Sept. 8 .- It is authoritativel stated that Auditor of the Treasury E. P. Baldwin, whose home is in this place, has been requested to resign his position by President Cleveland on account of the auditor's open and avowed advocacy of tree silver. The request for the auditor to resign, it is understood, has not been beeded by him, and his case now remains with the President,

What will be done Mr. Baldwin's friends, who state positively that his resignation has been saked for, are at a great loss to know, but they say that he is a good fighter, and if he is ousted at all, he will have something to say about it. MR. BALDWIN'S POSITION.

The noditor's stand for free silver is nothing new. He has for many years been a personal friend of "silver bick Bland," and shares the views promulgated by him. It was at Mr. Baldwin's invitation that Mr. Bland visited Laurel recently and spoke at a silver meeting and was enter-tained by the auditor while there. Besides this, the auditor has made speeches tor Bryan and silver.

The auditor was seen tonight by The Times correspondent, but would not make

a statement regarding the matter. He would not, however, deny the fact that ma resignation has been asked for. It was also learned that Deput; Commis-sioner of Pensions H. E. Bell has been asked to tender his resignation for the

same reason.

#### MR. BELL NOT A CONVERT. Had Been a Silverite Before the Cam paign Opened.

The report as to the probability of th removal of Deputy Commissioner of Pensions Bell has been in circulation in this city for some days, but no value was placed upon the rumor for the reason that Mr. Bell's position on the sliver question had been known even before the agitation on that subject reached the present acute stage It was naturally supposed that had there been any desire on the part of the President to discipline him it would have occurred or taken shape long before the present The argument of those who gave crement to the report was based on the supposition that Mr. Bell is a convert of recent date

and that that c.rcumstance put him in the category of Secretary Hoke Smith.

Mr. Bell has been taking an active part in the Congressional campaign in the Eigath Virginia district, where be has appeared on behalf of Judge Rixey occasionall the latter being the Democratic candida the latter being the Democratic candidate. Complaint was urged from the Republican side that Mr. Bell, an employe of the government, was allowed to fill out dates for Judge Rixey when the latter was unable to appear. It is not known, however, that such complaint was made formally to the President, or if such were made, that it would have aggravated the charge of "offensive partisanship."

If the removal of Mr. Bell be a fact, it will be received with great regret by

it will be received with great regret by nearly every Democrat and many Republi cans of this city. Personally and officially Mr. Bell is held everywhere in great esteem ne has not official relations in the discharge of his duty.

of his duty.

Mr. Bell was seen last night about the report that he had only aligned himself with the silver cause after his alleged failure to succeed to the commissionership on the promotion of Judge Lochren. Among other things in answer to this charge, Mr. Bell said:

other things in answer to this charge, Mr. Bell said:

"I am not a recent convert to free silver, but I have been advocating it spends and above board, as everybody knows who knows me, for years. I was in full sympathy with my party in Illinois at the time of the silver convention in that State over a year ago. Moreover, I have never been an amplicant for any present that the silver convention in the silver convention in that State over a year ago. have never been an applicant for any primotion in the Pension Bureau since I s motion in the Pension Bureau since I se-cured my present appointment as deputy commissioner of Pensions, not have I ever expected any promotion. Furthermore, the position of first deputy commissioner of pensions, to which Gen. Dana was re-cently appointed, does not carry any in-creased salary over the position I hold, nor is it, in fact, any more desirable than my position. I am now, and have been, for the free and unlimited comage of both gold

free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, without and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, without awaiting the action of any other country, for the reason that I believe it to be economically, scientifically, historically and legally right, and for the further reason that I believe it to be for the best interests of the great majority of the people of this country.

"I will say, also, that I am not seeking the position of Commissioner of Pensions in the event of the election of Mr. Bryan, nor do I expect it; neither would I take it if tendered me, at the expense of my friend, Mr. Murphy."

Effigy of Stutske Fastened to a Balloon Fell Into East River. New York, Sept. 8.—The German Vet eran Association of the Franco-Prussian war of 1870 and 1871, had a festival yesterday in celebration of the battle of Sedan, at the Old Homestead Park, Third

DUMMY WAS DROWNED.

avenue and Ninety-second street. One of the features of the affair was a One of the features of the affair was a balloon ascension shortly after 6 o'clock. This balloon was twenty-five feet high and was made of paper with the German colors On the bottom of the balloon was a trapeze to which was attached a dommy representing Dr. Stutzke, the head of the sect which expressed the end of the world on Wednesday list.

About an hour after the balloon left the mark it cannot fire year.

park it caught fire over Hell Gate, fell into the river and was lost. This is the sam balloon that persons say they saw fall into the East river with a man in the basket. TILLMAN IS REPUDIATED

South Carolina Gives Earl a Majority of 30,000.

Start-How the Result Is Viewed.

Evans Was Defeated From the

Columbia, S. C., Sept. 9.—At 2 o'clock this morning sofficient returns are in to show that Gov. Evans has been beaten by tien Earle forthe Senate. Allowing Evans two-thirds of the unreported vote and plac-ing it at over 80,000, he cannot reduce Earle's majority below 3,000 at the lowest estimate.

387 is accounted for. The total vote in the first primary was 78,231. Of the vote already reported Evans has 22,317 against Earle's 34,070. Earle's majority being 11,753.

The vote reported is very full. The people of the State took the keenest interest in the election, and the result is no surprise in consequence of the developments of the last few days. Gov. Evans unquestionably injured his chances by his revelations in the dispensary scandal, and now it may be confidently expected that more interesting revolutions than ever well. more interesting revelations than ever will The rooms of many facts of a far more interesting character than those already made. Senator Thinian interfered in the race after declaring he was hands off and the people seemed to resent his intereference.

efrence.

The result shows the very essential fact that I diman has been nit as well as Evans. He urged the people to support Evans, saying that the success of the reform inovement depended upon Evans' election. Gov. Evans has not been seen this evening, but it is understood that he is a very much disappointed man.

understood that he is a very much disappointed man.

Up to the time of the first primary it was conceded that he would be elected by about 20,000 majority. At the opening of the campaign it looked as if he was going to have a complete walkover. But Duncan entered the field, and Earle came in at the last moment, and the charges about the hond swindle were made.

Evidently the people came to the conclusion that Evans did not explain these matters satisfactorily. A hard fight has been made by Gov. Evans' friends, but it seems to have been without avail.

(Special to The Times.)
Columbia, S. C., Sept. 8.—The returns
adicate not only the defeat of Gov. Evans or the Senate, but the downfall of the Tillfor the Senate, but the downfail of the Tin-man party in South Carolina. In the first primary, held about three weeks ago, there were three candidates, John G. Evans, present Governor. J. T. Duncan, a clerk in the Statehouse, and Judge Earle, who, baving opposed Tillman in 1890, was ele-vated to the circuit bench through Til-man's influence two years ago. Evans and Duncan represented the administration in the race, but were mortal enemies, Duncan charging Evans with various maipractices charging Evans with various maintactices while Governor and as a member of the

State Senate some years ago.

The first primary resulted in the elimination of Duncan, and the second primary, which was held yesterday, settles the Senatorship between Evans and Earle. The vote between Evans and Earle was so close in the first primary that Tiliman went to South Carolina, where, much to the surprise of the politicians of the State, he openly espoused the cause of Evans, tak-ing the ground that Evans' defeat would virtually be the destruction of the Tillman or administration party. Earle and Earle's friends resented this

interference of Senator Tillman in the family fight, and it is apparent from the vote that a similar view was one tained by scany of the former friends of a man. The Tillman party came into a war in South Carolina in 1890, when Gen. 1 com ton, then United States Senator defeated by the present senior Section from that State, Coi. John L. M. 11by Irby was practically put out of the race. and declined to run for re-election, through the intrigues of Gov. Evans, who had him self declared the candidate of the admir istration. Earle & a relative of Irby, and it is supposed that whatever strength Irby had was handed over to Earle. The election of Earle would mean the

organization of a party under his leader ship, with which Tillman would have to recken at his next nomination for the Senate and the probable defeat of the latter. The revolt at Tillman's attempt at dictation in State affairs is already strong enough to indicate the near deciir and downfall of hisdictatorship.

FELL OUT OF BED.

Mrs. Kate Real Had Her Neck Broken by the Tumble.

New York, Sept. 8.—Mrs. Kate Real,

New York, Sept. S.-Mrs. Kate Real, thirty-seven years old, living at No. 521 West Thirty-seventh street, accidentally fell from her bed walls asleep at 2 o'clock this morning and, striking on her head, her neck was broken.

An ambujance was summoned from Roosevelt Hospital, but the surgeon in charge pronounced the woman dead.

Armenian Prisoners Released. London. Sept. 8.—The Constantinople correspondent of the Times telegraphs that many Armenian prisoners were released today, and that those who had sought refuge on ships in the harbor have been allowed to disembark. The government is inclined to grant amnesty to those who look part in the recent fusions.

who took part in the recent rioting. .
The dispatch adds that France will shortly sign a commercial treaty with Turkey, after which the porte will nego-tiate for similar treaties with Austria and Connecticut Prohibitionists New Haven, Conn., Sept. 8.—The following tleket was chosen by the Connecticut Prohibitionist today: For governor, Edward G. Manchester, Winsted; Beutenant governor, C. E. Steele, New Brittain; State

secretary, W. L. Chomberlain, Mansfield; treasurer, George B. Fenner, Groton; comp-troller, A. C. Barton, Chatham. Electors at large were also selected. Democratic Candidates Withdraw. Barrisburg. Pa., Sept. 8.—James M. Braden, of Washington, candidate for Congressman-at-large, and James Denton Hancock, candidate for elector-at-large, yesterday filed notices of withdrawal at the office of the secretary of the commonwealth. They are both active again money Democrats.

Bryan Formally Accepts Their Nomination at Lincoln.

ENTHUSIASM AT HIS HOME

The Candidate Was Received by Parades, Flambeaux, Fireworkers and All the Trappings of Political Pompery-Made a Speech in the Afternoon and Another at Night.

Lincoln, Neb., Sept 8.-The National America, Nen., Sept. 8. Age daily ap-pointed committee tonight formally not-fied William J. Bryan of his nomination fied William J. Bryan of his nomination

fied William J. Bryan of his nonmination by its convention at St. Louis. The ceremonies attending the notification were in strong contrast to those at the meeting at Madison Square ta den last month when Mr. Bryan and Mr. Sewall were officially informed that they were the choice of the Chicago convention.

Instead of the spacious auditorium with its boxes and gaheries tought's function took place in the open at on the plaza and lawn in front of Nebraska's State capital building. With the exception of those scaled in a few score chairs on the speakers' platform and directly in front of it, all the audience were standing.

CONTRASTED TO NEW YORK.

CONTRASTED TO NEW YORK.

The mos unarked difference between tonight's ceremonies and those in New York was the fact that Mr. Bryan did not read his speech in answer to the information formally given by the committee of the silver party. He made a speech neither long nor short, without the aid of notes and was frequently applianded.

Lincom's appreciation of Mr. Bryan's second visit home since his nomination was shown by incefatigable parading of free silver clubs, the display of fireworks and frequent exercise of ling power through tin horns and the good old-fashiouned yell.

A big crowd received the candidate on his arrival from Chicago this morning and he was escorted to his home by brass bands and campaign organizations. There were more brass bands and a larger number of marchingclubsin aparade that accompanied Mr. Bryan later in the day to the State house where a good sized audience assembled to hear him deliver a political address. CONTRASTED TO NEW YORK.

where a good sized audience assembled to hear him deliver a political address. TORCHES AND FIREWORKS.

Tokenes AND FIREWORKS.

Tobight a third parade occurred any flambeau clubs and organizations of mounted nice, bearing transparencies and torches and tring skyrockers and Roman candles, gave vens to their political enthusiasm in a way that hordered on freizy.

It was 5 o'clock before the first of the flaring flumbeaus heading the

It was 9 o'clock before the first of the flaring flambeaus heading the condidate's excert were speed by those at the capitol as their bearers turned into Fifteenth street, the thoroughrare leading to the stand. Twenty minures later Mr. Bryan appeared on the platform and the crowd that had increased with great mpidity after the procession was under way, cheered him repeatedly as his well-known figure was recognized. The space in front of the stand and for several nundred feet back was black with people.

and for several aundred reel back was black with people.

Norris Hamptrey of Lincoln called the assemblage to order and in a few words presented George Groat of Onio, chair-inan of the committee appointed by the national committee to notify Mr. Bryan.

Mp. GROOT'S LINDESS MR. GROOT'S ADDRESS.

MR. GROOT'S ADDRESS.

Mr. Groot said in part.
The people in this country, after years of agitation and checussion of the money question, more come to attaine that that question is not only one or paramount importance, but that it is substituting the only question that its testive the american people for consideration.

people for consideration.

Some sherman and winers of his its say that they want our money to be so good that it will arcount everywhere where money is used, and they declare that no maney can up that everys such as is financially and the related they are in favor out of goid, and therefore they are in favor. of the "gold standard," the money of the world. the money of the world. There is no money of the world. There is no money of the world. There never was and never will be any money of the world until all the nations of the curta become consoliunted into one nation, a thing that is never likely to happen.

The price of gold and suiter amino in the United States under free canage dependementally upon the rate at which it can be caused at the mint.

Whenever a nation reaches cooks and

Whenever a nation permais gold or silver to be coined into money free of charge at a certain rate, the price of those metals in that country is fixed and determined by that rate, and by no possibility can either metal fall in that nation below the price established by law.

WHAT REPUBLICANS PROPOSE. WHAT REPUBLICANS PROPOSE.

The Republican party proposes to maintain the present goal same and a larger fore it is in layer or present conditions, and it will not consent to a change until other intions can be induced to as ast in masing a change.

When other nations consent to help us in the beneal there will be no need of help, because we will cease to exist as a nation unless we assert our independence, as it is now proposed to do.

unless we assert our independence, as it is now proposed to do.

It is in cavor or a tonstant shrinkage in the quantity of money in circulation and there are is in Laror of hower prices, and it proposes. If it is access to po wer, to further press prices down unless they can be massed by increasing traces.

Appropriate to many a color modely for the people except such as may be made out of gold.

The larner wherein modely is made are the host important miles of its experimenting in this country, and on many earlies are people of this country head in the conduct of their bosiness. It has made include the past twenty three years have been practically closed, except to those who was a larner confided to the gold mines of the world.

The battle of this campa go is for the

gold mines of the world.

The natic of this campagn is for the purpose of securing legislation, which will open those indies and it we do not succeed the light will continue until we do succeed. Financial distress, brinkrapicies, strikes, combinations of capital and labor, trusts and syndicates can only clust when there is a constantly fading market, when prices in general can only tail when the quantity of money in circulation with respect to pelanthon decreases. The volume of money in circulation and prices go hand in hand. When the volume strings, prices fail, when it in respect prices, prices

The volume of money in circulation and prices go hand in hand. When the volume strums, prices fail, when it increases, prices fail, when it increases, prices that party proposes to the external fail of prices that pauperages men, paralyzes industries and values at the stroying the gold trust, and we appeal to all those who are interested in monanty, who are interested in good government, who believe that men are more important than property, who believe that the interests of those who create wealth are paramount to those who are merely consumers, to assist in this great struggle. That we shall succeed there can be no question, because this is a fight in favor of the many against the few. It is a fight between the producers of wealth and aggregated capital. It is a fight between those who do the work of the work and those who live without work.

It is a fight between democracy and plutocracy. In such a fight, in such a struggle, can there be any doubt as to the issum?

Hon, William Jennings Bryan:

The National Silver convention, with an unanimity unexampled in the history of national conventions in this country, nominated you as the candidate of the National Silver party for the distinguished office of President of the United States.

You are now the candidate for the great office of President of three great political parties, of which the Silver party is not the least.

MANY TIMES CANDIDATE.

MANY TIMES CANDIDATE. MANY TIMES CANDIDATE.

The convention selected a committee to formally notify you of its action, and that committee conferred upon me the distinguished bone of advising you of your nomination as the candidate of the National Silver party for office of President of the United States. We are net, therefore, at this time and place for the purpose of performing the pleasant duty imposed upon us by the convention.

I therefore, in obedience to the wishes

Continued on Second Page.